

NATIONAL REGISTER

OF HEALTH SERVICE PSYCHOLOGISTS

Depression

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Tools for Assessment and Tracking

- EMR (Electronic Medical Record) Based
 - Vital Signs
 - Somatic Symptoms
 - PQRS (Physician Quality Reporting System) CMS
 - Depression (PHQ 2, PHQ 9)
- Tools and Questionnaires Multiple Evidence-Based Examples

Severity: See Criteria for Major Depressive Disorder

- Depressed mood or anhedonia (loss of the capacity to experience pleasure) for at least 2 weeks
- Not caused by medical illness
- At least 5 of the cardinal symptoms indicative of major depression, broadly:
 - Insomnia Or Hypersomnia
 - Anorexia Or Hyperphagia
 - Psychomotor Agitation Or Retardation
 - Fatigue
 - Executive Function Impairment
 - Negative Thinking
 - Suicidal Ideation Or Intent

Depression

- Step 1 Consultation = obtain significant history (hx) from PCP review chart
- Step 2 Risk Assessment = suicide and/or homicide
 - High risk -> Refer to specialty care, hospitalization, safety plan
 - Lower risk -> Establish safety plan & begin guided self-help for depression

Depression

Depression Type	Guided Self-help: Evidence-based Tools And Techniques	Rx	Both Guided Self-help And Rx
Major Depression Symptoms	++	++	+++
Dysthymia Symptoms	++		+
Depression Due To Medical Illness Or Other Mental Illness Or Substance Use	++		+

Medication choice – most important factors

- How anxious is the patient? -> SSRI
- How much pain is the patient experiencing? -> SNRI
- How low energy is the patient? -> NDRI
- How much trouble is the patient having in sleeping? -> SARI,
 Tricyclic AD
- How hypersensitive is the patient to side effects? -> SSRI with long half-life & "start low and go slow"

Most Common Behavioral Goals

- Increased Physical & Social Activity
- Reduced Negative Thinking
- Stress Reduction
- Improved Sleep
- Reduction in suicidal ideation



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